







PHILIPPINES

PPP Best Practices and Identifying Prioritized PPP Areas of Development for Fisheries (Policies, Arrangement, Opportunities and Challenges)

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CTI-CFF Public Private Partnership Preparation (PPP)

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PPP Program for Infrastructure Development

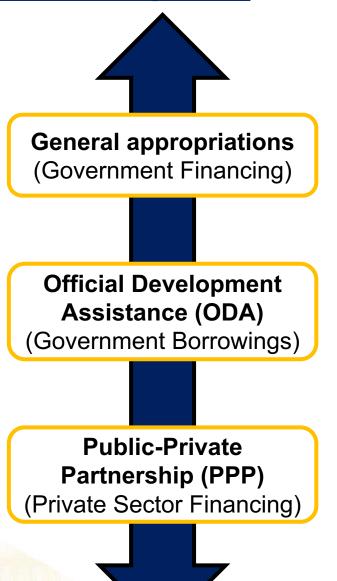


Accelerated
Infrastructure
Development

Accelerate
infrastructure
spending to
account for 5% of
GDP, with publicprivate partnerships
(PPPs) playing a key
role

No. 4 of the Ambisyon 2040 Zero +10 Point Economic Agenda





Legal Framework for PPPs

PPP Modality	Governing Framework
Build-Operate- Transfer (BOT) Variants (Solicited and Unsolicited)	 RA 7718, as amended, or the BOT Law and its implementing rules Local Ordinances (e.g. P4 Initiative)
Joint Ventures	2013 NEDA JV GuidelinesLocal Government CodeLGU Ordinances
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Eligible Types of PPP Projects



- Highways/Roads
- Railroads & Railways
- Ports
- Airports
- Transport Systems
- Power Generation
- Telecommunications
- ICT Systems/Facilities
- Agriculture
- Canals, Dams, Irrigation
- Water Supply
- Land Reclamation

- Solid Waste Management
- Tourism Facilities
- Education
- Health Facilities
- Industrial & Tourism Estates
- Markets, Warehouses, Slaughterhouses
- Housing, Government Buildings
- Climate change mitigation/adaptation infrastructure projects
- Other Infrastructure/ Development Projects

PPP Project Pipeline (as of January 2018)



^{*}Projects started from 2010 onwards

^{**}Amount does not include 12 other projects with no estimated costs yet

Awarded PPP Projects

Transport-Related Projects





Muntinlupa-Cavite **Expressway** PhP 2.2 bn



NAIA **Expressway** Phase (II) PhP 17.9 bn



Metro Manila Skyway Stage 3 PhP 37.4 bn



Cavite-Laguna **Expressway** PhP 35.4 bn



NLEx-SLEx Connector Road PhP 23.2 bn



PPP for School Infrastructure (Phase I)



(Phase II)

PhP 9.9 bn





Extension & O&M

PhP 64.9 bn

LRT Line 1 Cavite



MRT Line 7

PhP 62.7 bn

AutomaticFare **Collection System** PhP 1.7 bn





Bulacan Bulk Water Supply PhP 24.4 bn





Southwest **Integrated Transport System** PhP 2.5 bn



South Integrated **Transport System** PhP 5.2 bn



Mactan-Cebu International Airport PhP 17.5 bn





Civil Registry System Phase 2

Local PPP Projects - Pipeline

Sectors

8 Water Supply

11
Sanitation & Solid Waste





13
Vertical Infrastructure





Project Under Procurement

Baggao Water Supply Project



Institutional Arrangements

Implementing Agencies

- Line Agencies (national government agencies)
- Government Corporations (GOCCs)
- State Universities and Colleges (SUCs)
- Local Government Units (LGUs)



Review and Approving Bodies

- Local Development Councils
- Investment Coordination Committee (ICC)
- National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA) Board for national projects



- Coordinating and Monitoring Agency
 - PPP Center



Solicited PPP Project Life Cycle



DEVELOPMENT STAGE

- IA Identifies PPP Project
- Project Preparation (Feasibility Study, Market Sounding)
- Project Structure is finalized



APPROVAL STAGE

- IA level project assessment and appraisal
- Project submission to relevant approving bodies



PROCUREMENT STAGE

- Prequalification (e.g. Advertisement of ITPB)
- Prequalification Conference, submission of prequalification documents
- Bid proper (e.g. Pre-bid conference, bid submission, bid opening and evaluation)
- Issuance of Notice of Award to winning bidder
- Contract Signing



IMPLEMENTATION STAGE

- Financial Close
- Implementation (Preparation of Detailed Engineering Design, Commissioning)
- Turn over of facility back to government

Unsolicited Proposals under the BOT Law

WHAT IS AN

UNSOLICITED PROPOSAL?

(UNDER THE AMENDED BOT LAW FRAMEWORK)

Project proposals submitted by the private sector to government.

Made not in response to formal solicitation or request by the government.

Subject to conditions enumerated by the Amended Build-Operate-Transfer (BOT) Law (R.A. 7718) and its Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) which makes it a PPP project.



Unsolicited Proposals under the BOT Law



WHAT MACH S IT AN UNSOLICITED PROPOSAL?

(UNDER THE AMENDED BOT LAW FRAMEWORK)

- The project involves a new concept or technology and/or is not part of the List of Priority Projects;
- There is no direct government guarantee, subsidy or equity; and
- Implementing Agency (IA) issued a public invitation for comparative or competitive proposals and selection process

*Rule 10, Section 10.1 of the Revised BOT IRR

Joint Venture Projects

- ✓ Arrangement between private sector entities and government sector entities
- ✓ Pooling of interests/ contribution of money/capital, services, assets (including equipment, land, intellectual property or anything of value) or combination
- ✓ Sharing both profits, and risks and losses



Purpose

A specific goal with the end view of facilitating private sector initiative in a particular industry/sector and eventually transfer the activity to either of the JV parties

Applicable Legal Frameworks:

- Revised Guidelines and Procedures for Entering into Joint Venture (JV) Agreements Between Government and Private Entities (2013) for GOCCs
- Local PPP Ordinances

Payment Mechanisms in PPP

1. Availability-based PPPs



> The implementing agency (IA) will allocate budget as payments for the public asset or service delivered by the private partner as defined in the agreed contract.

2. User fee-based PPPs



> The private partner is allowed to collect charges, tolls, fees from users for providing the public asset or service (users pay principle)

3. Combination of 1 & 2





Government Agencies in the Fisheries Sector









Department of Agriculture

Main agency responsible for the promotion of agricultural development by providing the policy framework, public investments, and support services needed for domestic and export-oriented business enterprises

Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources

Responsible for the development, improvement, management and conservation of the country's fisheries and aquatic resources

Philippine Fisheries Development Authority

- ✓ Tasked to promote the development of the fishing industry through the provision of post-harvest infrastructure facilities
- ✓ Provides essential services that improve efficiency in the handling and distribution of fish and fishery products and enhance their quality

National Fisheries Research and Development Institute

Lead agency fisheries research in the development, management, conservation and protection of the country's fisheries and aquatic resources

PPP Opportunities and Challenges in Fisheries Sectors



Existing Infrastructures

- Regional Fish Port Complexes operated by the government including the General Santos Fish Port
- Municipal Fish Ports operated by local government units
- Cold Chain Systems covering strategic areas



Opportunities for PPPs

- Passage of amendments to the Fisheries Code
- Capacity building in PPP implementation for agencies in the fisheries sector
- Pilot learning sites for electronic Catch Documentation and Traceability System
- Exploring business opportunities and regulatory support during closed season
- Focus on infrastructure development by present administration



Challenges

- Solidifying stakeholder support for PPP including commercial fishing communities, business chambers, etc.
- Data collection and management deficiencies in the fisheries sector
- Sourcing transaction advisory support for PPP project implementation

PPP Outlook





Pipeline Development

- ✓ Strengthen hybrid PPPs and joint ventures
- ✓ Assist in unsolicited proposals
- ✓ Potential projects in the fisheries sectors:
 - Rehabilitation and expansion of municipal ports
 - Mariculture parks, nurseries and hatcheries
 - Infrastructure for coastal resource management
 - Logistics Support on the Agri-Fishery Products Supply Chain

Local Government Units Focus

- ✓ Showcase and replicate LGU PPPs in priority sectors
- ✓ Enhance PPP Center's technical assistance to LGUs







Thank You!

For further information, please visit: www.ppp.gov.ph

> For inquiries, kindly e-mail: pds@ppp.gov.ph



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